

## **HEALTH & SAFETY COOLING TOWER SYSTEM RISK CLASSIFICATION**

Critical Risk	Higher Risk			Lower Risk
Stagnant Water	System is idle more than one month	System is idle more than one month	Any one of the following:	System operates continuously
	and	and	System is idle more than one month	and
	Recirculating pump with timer not fitted	Recirculating pump with timer not fitted	or	No 'dead legs
	and	and	'Dead legs' exist	
	'Dead legs' exist	'Dead legs' exist		
Nutrient Growth	Any THREE of the following:	Any TWO of the following:	Any ONE of the following:	No significant environmental contamination
	Environmental contamination	Environmental contamination	Environmental contamination	and
	and	or	or	Corrosion control program exists
	No corrosion control program	No corrosion control program	No corrosion control program	and
	and	or	or	Wetted surfaces protected from sunlight
	Wetted surfaces not protected from sunlight	Wetted surfaces not protected from sunlight	Wetted surfaces not protected from sunlight	and
	and	or	or	Biodispersant used
	No biodispersant used	No biodispersant used	No biodispersant used	
Poor Water	No automated biocide dosing device installed	No automated biocide dosing device installed	Automated biocide dosing device installed	Automated biocide dosing device installed
Quality	and	and	and	and
,	No comprehensive water treatment program in	Comprehensive water treatment program in	No comprehensive water treatment program in	Comprehensive water treatment program in
	place	place	place	place
Deficiencies in	Modern high efficiency drift eliminator not fitted	Modern high efficiency drift eliminator not fitted	Modern high efficiency drift eliminator fitted	Modern high efficiency drift eliminator fitted
the Cooling	and		and at least ONE of the following	and
<b>Tower System</b>	No review of system design		No review of system design	System design reviewed
•	and		or	and
	No review of system operation and performance		No review of system operation and performance	system operation and performance reviewed
Location and Access	System is located in an acute health or aged residential care facility	System is located near an acute health or aged residential care facility	System is not located near an acute health or aged residential care facility	System is not located near an acute health or aged residential care facility
Access	or	or	and	and
	Very high numbers of people are potentially exposed	High numbers of people are potentially exposed	Moderate numbers of people are potentially exposed	Low numbers of people are potentially exposed
Risk Classification	If your system matches any of the above responses the Risk Classification for this system is	If your system matches any of the above responses and does not match any of the responses in Risk Classification A the Risk Classification for this system is	If your system matches any of the above responses and does not match any of the responses in Risk Classification A or B the Risk Classification for this system is	If your system matches any of the above responses and does not match any of the responses in Risk Classification A, B or C the Risk Classification for this system is
	$A^1$	В	С	D
	Higher Risk Lower Risk			
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The only exception to this table is with regard to Category A systems which would fall into this category only because of the **number** of people who are potentially exposed to the cooling tower system. In this case, an exception is provided to classify these systems within Category B provided that the system meets the prerequisites described over the page. safety.unimelb.edu.au

## **EXCEPTIONS TO COOLING TOWER SYSTEM RISK CLASSIFICATION**

It is important to strive for ongoing improvement and continual minimisation of risks associated with cooling tower systems. Capital improvements can assist in this objective. As an incentive for organisations to continue upgrading their cooling tower systems, the risk classification table makes an exception with regard to systems classed as Category A, only because of the **number** of people who are potentially exposed to the cooling tower system. In this case, an exception is provided to classify these systems within Category B, **provided that the system meets the prerequisites described below**.

These systems can be categorised in Category B where the system meets the following prerequisites:

- There are either no 'dead legs', or where potential 'dead legs' exist, they have been activated.
- The system or part of the system is either not idle for more than a month, or where it is idle, a timer has been fitted to control a recirculating pump that circulates the water in the system at least once a day.
- There is a corrosion control program involving both anti-corrosive chemicals and corrosion monitoring, using corrosion coupons or an equivalent technique.
- The water in the system and the wetted surfaces of the system are protected from sunlight.
- Control measures are established and monitored.
- The system is fitted with a high degree of automation to monitor the water chemistry, incorporating:
  - Effective automated dosing systems to deliver all chemicals into the recirculating water. These are connected to alarms (and preferably building automation systems) to warn of pump failure or a failure in the supply system (to warn a human operator of the problem).
  - Chemicals or other agents to effectively minimise scale formation and fouling
  - Biodispersant is applied which is compatible with chemicals in use (including chlorine).
  - At least two biocides, including at least one oxidising biocide, that have separate chemical stores and separate dosing mechanisms.
  - Automated bleed—off systems using conductivity probes with a locking device to prevent bleed at the time of chemical dosing. This should ideally be connected to the building automation system.
  - o pH meters connected to the building automation system.
- After all of the above actions have been taken, six months of intense testing to demonstrate consistent chemical and bacterial test results that indicate that the system is under control.

Note: Acute health or aged residential care facilities should always be classified as Category A, because of the population of vulnerable people.